Common Data Set

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

2000-01

A1. Address Information

San José State University One Washington Square San Jose, CA 95112-0001

Main Campus Telephone Number: 408-924-1000 World Wide Web (URL) Address: http://www.sjsu.edu/

Admissions Phone Number: 408-924-2000

Admissions Office Mailing Address

One Washington Square San José CA 95112-0009 Fax number: 408-924-2050

Admissions E-mail Address: contact@anrnet.sjsu.edu

A2 .	Source of institutional control
	☐ Public
A3 .	. Classify your undergraduate institution:
	☐ Coeducational college
A4 .	. Academic year calendar
	☐ Semester
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution
	☐ Bachelor's
	☐ Master's

Common Data Set

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

2000-01

B1. Institutional Enrollment--Men and Women Provide numbers of students reported on IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 1999. **Refer to IPEDS EF-1 Part A or IPEDS EF-2 Part A (undergraduates only) survey.**

	FU	LL-TIM	E	PART-TIME		
	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line		Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first- time freshmen	1139	1079	line 1	104	66	line 15
Other first-year, degree- seeking	685	719	line 2	147	126	line 16
All other degree- seeking	5065	5687	lines 3-6	2967	2948	lines 17-20
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	N/A	N/A	line 7	N/A	N/A	line 21
Total undergraduates	6889	7485	line 8	3218	3140	line 22
First-Professional						
First-time, first- professional students	N/A	N/A	line 9	N/A	N/A	line 23
All other first- professionals	N/A	N/A	line 10	N/A	N/A	line 24
Total first-professional	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time	167	384	line 11	302	462	line 25
All other degree- seeking	331	699	line 12	872	1061	line 26
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	294	710	line 13	308	615	line 27

Total graduate	792	1793	1482	2138

Total all undergraduates (IPEDS sum of lines 8 and 22, cols. 15 and 16): 20732

Total all graduate and professional students (IPEDS sum of lines 14 and 28, cols. 15 and 16): 6205

Grand Total All Students (IPEDS line 29, sum of cols. 15 and 16): 26937

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students reported on IPEDS Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 1999. Refer to IPEDS EF-1 Part A or IPEDS EF-2 Part A surveys based on column and line numbers in grid for totals.

	Degree-seeking first-time first year	Degree-seeking undergraduates
	IPEDS sum of lines 1and 15	IPEDS sum of lines 1-6 and lines 15-20
Non-resident aliens IPEDS cols. 1-2	195	675
Black, non-Hispanic IPEDS cols. 3-4	229	1069
American Indian or Alaskan Native IPEDS cols. 5-6	22	163
Asian or Pacific Islander IPEDS cols. 7-8	1048	6196
Hispanic IPEDS cols. 9-10	602	3232
White, non-Hispanic IPEDS cols. 11-12	1257	6441
Race/ethnicity unknown IPEDS cols. 13-14	722	3977
Total IPEDS cols. 15-16	4075	21753

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 1998, to June 30, 1999.

Certificate/diploma	N/A
Associate degrees	N/A
Bachelor's degrees	4099
Postbachelor's certificates	N/A
Master's degrees	1431

Post-master's certificates	N/A
Doctoral degrees	N/A
First professional degrees	N/A
First professional certificates	N/A

Graduation Rates

The information in this section comes from the IPEDS Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary. (These instructions are based on the IPEDS GRS-I 1998)

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1993. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1993.

- B4. Initial 1994 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 1758
 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- B5. Of the initial 1993 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: N/A
 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part C, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- Final 1994 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 1758(Subtract question B5 from question B4)
- B7. Of the initial 1993 initial cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 1998): n/a (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 19, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- B8. Of the initial 1993 cohort, how may completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 1998): n/a (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 20, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- B9. Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 2000): 222 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 21, sum of columns 15 and 16)
- B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 680
 (IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 18, sum of

columns 15 and 16)

B11. Six-year graduation rate for 1994 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): **39%**

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1998 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 1998 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates it official enrollment in fall 1999? **N/A**

Common Data Set

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

2000-01

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2000. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants include all students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-

listed students who were subsequently offered admission. Total men applied: 5063 Total women applied: 5212 Total men admitted: 3579 Total women admitted: 3855 Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled: 1139 Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled: 104 Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled: 1079 Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled: 66 C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? \square Yes \square No If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2000 admissions: Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list: N/A Number accepting a place on the waiting list: N/A Number of wait-listed students admitted: N/A **Admission Requirements**

C3. High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students

☐ High school diploma is required and GED is accepted
☐ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepte

☐ High school diploma or	r equivalent is r	ot requ	ired		
C4. Does your institution requiseeking students?	re or recomme	nd a gen	eral colleg	e preparat	ory program for degree-
☐ Required ☐ Recommended					
☐ Neither required nor r	ecommended				
C5. Distribution of high school academic high school course ur students using Carnegie units (different system for calculating	nits required an one unit equals	d/or red one yea	commended	d of all or r	nost degree-seeking
	Units required	Units	recommend	ded	
Total academic units					
English	4				
Mathematics	3				
Science	2				
Of these, units that must be lab	2				
Foreign language	2				
Social studies					
History	2				
Academic electives	3				
Other (specify):					
C6. Do you have an open admisstudents with GED equivalency scores, or other qualifications?	y diplomas are a If so, check wh	admitted ich appl	l without r lies:		•
Open admission policy as de	scribed above f	or most	students, b	out	
□ selective admission for□ selective admission to s□ other (explain):					
C7. Relative importance of each time, first- year, degree-seeking				onacademi	c factors in your first-
		ery	Important	Considered	Not considered
Academic	111	upoi tant	important	Considered	Constacted
Secondary school record					
Class rank					
Recommendation(s)					
Standardized test scores					
Essay					
Nonacademic					

Interview						
Extracurricular activities						
Talent/ability						
Character/personal qualities						
Alumni/ae relation						
Geographical residence						
State residency Palicious affiliation/acommitment						
Religious affiliation/commitment Minority status						
Volunteer work						
Work experience						
SAT and ACT Policies						
C8. Entrance exams						
a. Does your institution make us time, first-year, degree-seeking a □ Yes □ No			ACT sco	ores in ad	mission decision	ns for first-
If yes, place check marks in the in admission.	appropriat	te boxes belo	ow to refl	lect your	institution's pol	licies for use
ADMISSION				G		
			Dagui	Cor re for if	nsidered	
	Require	Recomm	-		mitted Not use	ed
SAT I						
ACT						
SAT I or ACT (no preference)						
SAT I or ACTSAT I preferred						
SAT I or ACTACT preferred						
SAT I and SAT II						
SAT I and SAT II or ACT						
SAT II						
b. Does your institution use appl		•	placemen	nt or coun	seling?	
Placement Yes	□No					
Counseling	□No				_	
If used for placement, place checopolicies for use in placement:	k marks ii	n the appro	priate bo	xes below	to reflect your	institution's
PLACEMENT						
Require		Recommen	d	Require	for some	
SAT I						
SAT II						
ACT \square						
SAT I or ACT						
Other (specify): EPT/ELM						

Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission: rolling basis

Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission: rolling basis

If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests recommended for some students, or if tests not required of some students):

ACT or SAT I required for high school students with G.P.A. below 3.0

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled degree-seeking full-time and part-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 1999, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2000 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores: **85%**Number submitting SAT scores: **n/a**Number submitting ACT scores: **n/a**Number submitting ACT scores: **n/a**

	25th percentile	75th percentile
SAT I Verbal	390	530
SAT I Math	430	560
ACT Composite	17	23
ACT English	15	22
ACT Math	18	24

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	1%	2%
600-699	8%	14%
500-599	29%	34%
400-499	34%	37%
300-399	23%	11%
200-299	5%	2%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	1%	2%	4%
24-29	19%	16%	24%
18-23	50%	40%	49%
12-17	30%	37%	23%
6-11	0%	5%	0%
below 6	0%	0%	0%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class: N/A Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class: N/A

Percent in top half of high school graduating class: N/A Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class: N/A Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class: N/A Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: N/A
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA
Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher: 62.9% Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.9: 36.7% Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99: 0.4% Percent who had GPA below 1.0: 0%
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: 3.1
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: 99%
Admission Policies
C13. Application fee
Does your institution have an application fee? ☐ Yes ☐ No Amount of application fee: \$55 Can it be waived for applicants with financial need? ☐ Yes ☐ No
C14. Application closing date
Does your institution have an application closing date? Yes No Application closing date (fall): N/A Priority date: N/A
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?
□ Yes □ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date): rolling, no date By (date): N/A Other: N/A
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter Other: No set date by which applicants must accept admission
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? Ves No If yes, maximum period of postponement: N/A

C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No
C20. Common application: Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted? Yes No
If "yes," are supplemental forms required? \square Yes \square No Is your college a member of the Common Application Group? \square Yes \square No
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? \square Yes \square No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date: First or only early decision plan notification date:
Other early decision plan closing date: Other early decision plan notification date:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution: Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan:
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
□ Yes □ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date: Early action notification date:

Common Data Set

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

1

						2000-0	1
Fall Applicants							
D1. Does your in	nstitution enroll tra	nsfer studer	nts?□Ye	es 🗆 No			
•	fer students earn ac er colleges/univers		nding cre	edit by transferri	ng credits earne	d from course wor	k
D2. Provide the students in Fall 2	number of students 2000.	s who applie	ed, were a	admitted, and en	rolled as degree	-seeking transfer	
			Δ	Admitted	Enrolled		
		Applicants		pplicants	applicants		
	Men			• •			
	Women		1		,		
	Total	7181	5	603	3310		
☐ Fall ☐ Winter D4. Must a transentering freshma ☐ Yes ☐ No		ner a minimum	number			st apply as an	
If yes, what is the	e minimum numbe	er of credits	and the u	init of measure?			
D5. Indicate all i	tems required of tr	ansfer stude	ents to ap	ply for admissio	n:		
			Require	d Recommended	Recommended	Required Not	
			of all	for all	for some	for some required	
High school to							
College transc				Ц			
	onal statement						
Interview							
Standardized							
Statement of ginstitutions	good standing fron	n prior		P			

	minimum high (on a 4.0 scale)	n school grade p o: N/A	ooint average is	required of tra	nsfer applicant	s,	
D7. If a scale): 2		lege grade poir	nt average is re	equired of trai	nsfer applican	ts, specify (on a	4.0
D8. List	t any other ap	plication requi	rements specif	ic to transfer	applicants: N/	A	
applicat						or transfer studes in the ''Rolling	
				Notification		Rolling	
		Priority date	Closing date	date	Reply date	admission	
	Fall						
	Winter						
	Spring						
	Summer						
complet		division core				and Nursing req ion courses.	_l uire
D12. Re	eport the lowe	st grade earne	d for any cours	se that may be	transferred f	or credit: 1.0	
D13. M	aximum numl	per of credits o	r courses that	may be transf	erred from a t	two-year institu	tion: 70
unit typ	e: semester						
D14. M: N/A	aximum numl	per of credits o	r courses that	may be transf	erred from a f	four-year institu	ıtion:
unit typ	oe:	-					
	inimum numb associate's de	er of credits the	nat transfers m	oust complete	at your institu	tion to	
		er of credits three: 30 unit: se		ust complete :	at your institu	tion to	

D17. Describe other transfer credit policies: N/A

Common Data Set

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

2000-01

E1. Special stud	dy options: Identify those programs	available	e at your institution. Refer to definitions.
	Accelerated program		Honors program
	Cooperative (work-study) program		Independent study
	Cross-registration		Internships
	Distance learning		Liberal arts/career combination
	Double major		Student-designed major
	Dual enrollment		Study abroad
	English as a Second Language		Teacher certification program
	Exchange student program (domestic)		Weekend college
	External degree program		
	Other (specify):		
	emoved from the CDS.	red to co	omplete some course work prior to
□Comp □Englis □Foreig □Histor	ine arts outer literacy sh (including composition) gn languages ry (describe):	[☐ Humanities ☐ Mathematics ☐ Philosophy ☐ Sciences (biological or physical) ☐ Social science
Library Collecti	ons		
Report the numb	per of holdings. Refer to IPEDS Lib	rary Surv	vey, Part, D for corresponding equivalents.
E4. Books, seria	al backfiles, electronic documents, ar	nd goverr	nment documents (titles) that are accessible

E5. Current serials subscriptions (paper, microform, electronic): 2,504 (sum of lines 30 and 31, column 2)

through the library's catalog: 1,101,995 (sum of lines 27 and 29, column 2)

E6. Microforms (units): 1,621,426 (line 28, column 2)

E7. Audiovisual materials (units): 37,146 (line 32, column 2)

Common Data Set

F. STUDENT LIFE

2000-01

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year	ur (freshman) students	and all degree-seekin	g undergraduates enrolled
in fall 1999 who fit the following cate	gories	_	_

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude internat'l/nonresident aliens)	1.7%	0.8%
Percent of men who join fraternities		
Percent of women who join sororities		
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing		10%
Percent who live off campus or commute		93%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0.5%	35.3%
Average age of full-time students	18.3	24
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18.3	24.6

F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.					
	Choral groups		Marching band		Student government
	Concert band		Music ensembles		Student newspaper
	Dance		Musical theater		Student-run film society
	Drama/theater		Opera		Symphony orchestra
	Jazz band		Pep band		Television station
	Literary magazine		Radio station		Yearbook
F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)					
Army ROTC is offered:					

☐ On campus

☐ At cooperating institution (name): _____

	☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution (name):U	C Berkele	y
Air F	Force ROTC is offered		
	☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution (name): Housing: Check all types of college-owned, rgraduates at your institution.		
	Coed dorms		Special housing for disabled students
	Men's dorms		Special housing for international students
	Women's dorms		Fraternity/sorority housing
	Apartments for married students		Cooperative housing
	Apartments for single students		
	Other housing options (specify):		

Naval ROTC is offered

Common Data Set

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

2000-01

Provide 1999-00 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 1999-00 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-year	Undergraduates
Private Institutions:		
Public Institutions		
In-district:		
In-state (out-of-district):		n/a
Out-of-state:		7380
Nonresident Aliens:		n/a
Required Fees:		1939
Room and Board: (on-campus)		6575
Room Only: (on-campus)		n/a
Board Only: (on-campus meal plan)		n/a

Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/fees):
Other:
G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition: minimum: 12 maximum: 15

G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?

Yes No

G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: N/A

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	810	810	810
Room only:	3654	2376	4429
Board only:	2800		2412
Transportation:	540	720	810
Other expenses:	1520	1653	1528

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

Private Inststutions:	
Public Inststutions: In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	246 per unit
Nonresident Aliens:	246 per unit

Common Data Set

H. FINANCIAL AID

2000-01

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar **amount** awarded in the 1998-99 academic year to full-time and part-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates**) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Do not include non-need-based athletically related aid or tuition waivers that are personnel benefits.

Number of Undergraduates (U): Please provide the number of degree-seeking undergraduates who were awarded aid.

Number of First-year students (F): Please provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who were awarded aid.

Include the first-year students in the undergraduate count. Students may be counted in more than one row.

Aid that is non-need-based but is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

If data reported are not for AY98-99, what is the AY of reported data?

	Need-based aid			Non-need-based aid			
	\$	#U	#F	\$	#U	#F	
Scholarships/Grants							
Federal	13,951,984.00						
State	9,959,164.00						
Other external scholarships/grants administered by college				1,287,506.00			
Institutional	186,239.00						
Total Scholarships/Grants	22,110,430.00			1,303,505.00			
Self-Help		5,795	1,088		357	12	
Student loans	16,273,080.00			2,499,722.00			
Federal Work Study	7,152,103.00						
State and other work							
Study/employment							
Total Self-Help	14,356,064.00			1,174,207			
Parent Loans				774,520.00			

Note: Some publishers may do a simple calculation with the above dollar amounts and number of recipients in order to calculate average grant award, average loan, etc., made to undergraduates.

If need-based gift aid rd decisions.	is awa	rded based on addition	onal crite	eria, check off all other criteria used in making
Academics		Job skills		Religious affiliation
Alumni affiliation		Leadership		State/district residency
Art		Minority status		Other:
Athletics		Music/drama		

Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid, Fall 1998

H3. List the number of degree-seeking students who applied for and received financial aid.

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time	Full-time	Less than
	Freshmen	Undergrad	Full-time
a) Number of degree-seeking students (CDS Item B1)	2523	14292	10218
b) Number of students in line a who were financial aid applicants	1631	7963	2976
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	1264	6878	2229
d) Number of students in line c who received any need-based gift aid	1051	5679	1290
e) Number of students in line c who received any need-based self-help aid	663	4022	1011
f) Number of students in line c who received any non-need-based gift aid	171	6213	113
g) Number of students in line c who received any non-need-based self-help aid	21	361	119
h) Number of students in line c whose need was fully met	161	839	246
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC.	65%	70%	60%
j) The average financial aid package of those in line c. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC.	\$5546.00	\$6060.00	\$3772.00

H4. Percent of 1998 graduating undergraduate class who have borrowed through all loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, etc.): 37%

H5. Average per-student cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4: \$2700.00

Aid to Undergraduate International Students

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate international (nonresident alien) students:

☐ College-administered need-based financial aid is available for international students

☐ College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available for international students ☐ College-administered financial aid is not available for international students
If college-administered financial aid is available for undergraduate international students, provide the number of international students who received need- or non-need-based aid in the last academic year:
Average dollar amount awarded to international students in the last academic year: \$
Total dollar amount awarded to international students in the last academic year: \$
Process for First-Year/freshman Students
H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit: FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form
 Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement □ Business/Farm Supplement □ Other:
H8. Check off all financial aid forms international (non-resident alien) first-year financial aid applicants must submit: Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application Foreign Student's Certification of Finances Other:
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: ☐ Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: March 2nd ☐ Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: ☐ No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis)
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students: Students notified on or about (date): Stdents notified on a rolling basis: □ Yes □ No If yes, starting date: April 15th
H11. Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date): or within weeks of notification.
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans Direct Consolidation Loans

FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)
FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans
FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
FFEL PLUS Loans
FFEL Consolidation Loans
Federal Perkins Loans
Federal Nursing Loans
State Loans
☐ College/university loans from institutional funds
☐ Other (specify):
Other (specify):
H13. Scholarships and Grants
Need-based:
☐ Federal Pell
□ FSEOG
☐ State scholarships/grants
Private scholarships
☐ College/university gift aid from institutional funds
☐ United Negro College Fund
☐ Federal Nursing Scholarship
Other (specify):
Non-need based (college-administered):
Tion need sused (conege dammstered).
□ State
☐ Academic
☐ Creative arts/performance
☐ Special achievements/activities
☐ Special characteristics
Athletic
ROTC
Other (specify):

Common Data Set

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

2000-01

I1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 1999.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b)administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like,
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.
 - Full-time: Faculty employed on a full-time basis
 - Part-time: Faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.
 - Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.
 - Doctorate: Includes Ph.D., Ed.D in education, DMA in musical arts, DBA in business administration, D.Eng or DES in engineering.
 - First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).
 - Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M.Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full time	Part time	Total
Total number of instructional faculty	784	838	1,622
Total number who are members of minority groups	185	206	391
Total number who are women	303	391	694
Total number who are men	481	447	928
Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	N/A	N/A	N/A

Report the Fall 2000 ratio to full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part-time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full-time plus 1/3 part-time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2000 Student to Faculty ratio: **18 to 1**.

13. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2000 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeing undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and non-credit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of source catalog cross-listings.

Class subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 1999. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

NUMBER OF CLASS SECTIONS WITH UNDERGRADUATES ENROLLED UNDERGRADUATE CLASS SIZE

	Less than 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
Class Sections	240	757	877	480	282	167	29	2,832
Class Subsections	194	370	335	73	31	45	14	1,062

Common Data Set

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

2000-01

Degrees conferred between July 1, 1998 and June 30, 1999

J1. Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Major/Field	Bachelor's (%)	CIP Category	
Agriculture		01, 02	
Architecture		04	
Area and ethnic studies		05	
Biological/life sciences	3%	26	
Business/marketing	25%	08, 52	
Communications/communication technologies	5%	09, 10	
Computer and information sciences	3%	11	
Education	5%	13	
Engineering/engineering technologies	14%	14, 15	
English	3%	23	
Foreign languages and literature	1%	16	
Health professions and related sciences	8%	51	
Home economics and vocational home economics	1%	19, 20	
Interdisciplinary studies		30	
Liberal arts/general studies	3%	24	
Mathematics		27	
Natural resources/environmental science	2%	3	
Parks, recreation, leisure & fitness studies	1%	31	
Personal and miscellaneous services		12	
Philosophy, religion, theology		38, 39	
Physical sciences	1%	40, 41	
Protective services/public administration	6%	43, 44	
Psychology	5%	42	
Social sciences and history	7%	45	
Visual and performing arts	7%	50	
Other			
TOTAL	100%		

Common Data Set

Definitions

Note: Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agree to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publisher's surveys.

*Academic advisement: plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is not creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate's degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but not more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies. Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those desiring students employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Core curriculum: A specified number of courses or credits in the humanities, social sciences, life sciences, and/or physical sciences required of all students, regardless of major, to ensure a basic set of learning experiences.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to your college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and

financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (B.Pharm, Pharm.D), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, or 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in

secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED) or another state specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full or part time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on-campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for children of students (usually 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for less than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or less than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for student who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational problems.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying title of master.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma (at least one but less than two academic years): Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least one but less than two full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unreported: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic category.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for student who want to religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees, registration fees, student activity, or health fees.

Resident alien or other eligible noncitizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)-on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another county. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate's degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- *Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- *Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is sufficiently severe and not correctable, and adversely affects educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Common Data Set Financial Aid Definitions **Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits the institutionally required financial aid application/form, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed by the student.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. Do not include athletic scholarships, outside awards, or awards construed as personnel benefits, i.e., scholarships to children of faculty and staff.

Non-need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. Exclude athletic scholarships, awards construed as personnel benefits, i.e., scholarships to children of faculty and staff.

Self-help aid: Need-based loans and jobs up to the level of institutionally determined need.

This entire site protected by copyright. All rights reserved. By accessing and using this site, you agree to be subject to the "Terms and Conditions Governing Use and Access to College Board Online."