

## Part 2

You must SHOW ALL OF YOUR WORK to receive credit. Please use box each final answer.

6. Answer to (a) – (e).

(5 pts each)

(a) Find the **reference angle** of  $-123^\circ$ .

$$180^\circ - 123^\circ = 57^\circ$$

(a)  $57^\circ$

(b) Find the **phase shift** of  $y = 3 + 3\cos(3x + \pi)$ .

$$y = 3 + 3\cos\left[3\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right]$$

(b)  $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

(c) Find the **period** of  $y = -6\cot\left(\frac{\pi x}{4}\right)$ .

$$\text{period} = \frac{\pi}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = 4$$

(c)  $4$

(d) Find the **exact value** of  $\tan\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\pi}{7}\right)\right)$ .

(d)  $\frac{\pi}{7}$

Since  $y = \tan x$  and  $y = \arctan x$  are inverse of each other,

$$\tan(\arctan x) = x \text{ and } \tan\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\pi}{7}\right)\right) = \frac{\pi}{7}$$

Also  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < \tan x < \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < \frac{\pi}{7} < \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

(e) Find the **exact value** of  $\sin(\tan^{-1}(-1))$ .

(e)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$$\text{Let } \theta = \tan^{-1}(-1).$$

$$\text{Then } \tan \theta = -1 \Rightarrow \theta = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin(\tan^{-1}(-1)) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$