### IEEE General Citation Guide

#### General Rules

- IEEE in-text citations consist of numbers provided in square brackets, which correspond to the appropriate sources in the reference list at the end of the paper.
- A numbered list of references must be provided at the end of the paper. The reference list contains full details of all sources cited in-text. The sources are numbered in the order they are used in the paper.
- The in-text citation numbers start at [1] and continue in ascending order throughout the paper.
- Each in-text citation number should be enclosed by square brackets and appear on the text line, inside sentence punctuation, with a space before the bracket.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In-Text Citations</th>
<th>Parenthetical</th>
<th>In-text and Parenthetical Citations: Overarching Rules</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Johnson [1] believed that…</td>
<td>Paper is made from trees [1].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct Quotes</td>
<td>Schumer [6, pp. 4-5] argued that…</td>
<td>Schumer argued that “the importance of clear writing cannot be understated” [6, pp. 4-5].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figures or Images</td>
<td>The data in [2] shows…</td>
<td>Figure 1.3 shows the evidence [4].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple Sources</td>
<td>[1], [3], and [6] show…</td>
<td>Weebly, Ketting, and Goodman’s ideas are still widely used today [1]-[3].</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reference Citations

#### Books and Chapters

Author’s First Initial. Author’s Last Name, *Title of Book*. Place of Publication: Publisher, year.


#### Articles

A. A. Author and B. B. Author, “Title of article,” *Abbreviated Title of Journal*, vol. xxx, no. xxx, pp. starting page of article–ending page of article, Abbreviated Month and year published. [Online]. doi:


#### Websites


#### No Authors

“Title of web page,” *Website Name*, paragraph number, date of publication. [Online]. Available: URL. [Accessed Date].


#### Technical Reports

### Heading levels

1. Primary Headings are centered and numbered with Roman numerals. These are the titles of your sections.

A. Secondary headings are aligned left and marked with capital letter.

1. Tertiary headings are tabbed once and marked by Arabic numerals.

   a. Quaternary headings are tabbed twice and shown by lower-case letters.

### Tables and Figures

#### Cars I Have Seen Today

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Make</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toyota</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Grocery Store</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercedes</td>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>Parking Garage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyundai</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>Parking Garage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ford</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>Highway</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

White cars were the most common today.

- Maximum width is 7.5”
- Maximum height is 10”
- Lines must be at least 0.5 or 1-point thick.
- Caption size must be 8-point font.

### Conference Papers


A.A. Author and B.B. Author, “Title of paper,” in Name of Conference, City, State, Country, Month day(s), year, Editors, Eds. Location edited: date edited. pp. xx-xx


### Class Notes/Lectures

A. Author. Course title. Class Lecture, Topic: “Title of Lecture.” Department, School Name, location of school, date of lecture.


### White Papers
