Capitalization

When a word is capitalized, it usually signifies importance. Below is a list of instances when words need to be capitalized and when they do not require capitalization.

1) Capitalize the first word of a sentence.

   It is easy to take care of turtles.

2) Capitalize proper nouns. Proper nouns include the names of people and places.

   I always find time to email Karen. (Karen is the name of a person.)

   Last summer we went to Scotland for three weeks. (Scotland is the name of a place.)

3) Capitalize a person’s given title when it appears as part of the proper name. Also capitalize the title when it directly refers to the individual. In most instances, you do not capitalize the title if it is used after the name as a description.

   I enjoy listening to Professor Hall’s lectures. (“Professor” is capitalized because it is a part of Hall’s title.)

   “Professor, when is the paper due?” (The professor is being addressed directly.)

   Johnson, a professor at my school, gives interesting lectures. (“Professor” is not capitalized because it describes Johnson and is written after his name.)

4) Do not capitalize the names of seasons: winter, spring, summer, and fall.

5) Do not capitalize the directions north, east, south, or west. An exception to this rule is if the direction is pertaining to a specific place.

   Canada is north of the United States. (Here, north is used to tell the direction of Canada and is not capitalized.)

   Canada is in the North. (Here, North is the name of a specific place.)

6) Capitalize the first and last words in a title. Also capitalize nouns and verbs within a title. Prepositions and articles are not capitalized unless they are the first or last word of the title.

   To Kill a Mockingbird

   “To” is the first word of the title.

   “Kill” is capitalized because it is a verb.

   “a” is not capitalized because it is an article.

   “Mockingbird” is capitalized because it is a noun.

   The Catcher in the Rye

   “The” is the first word of the title, so it is capitalized.

   “Catcher” is capitalized because it is a noun.

   “in” is not capitalized because it is a preposition.
“the” is not capitalized because it is an article.

“Rye” is capitalized because it is a noun.

7) Do not capitalize the first word after a colon when introducing a list of common nouns.

Adam plays three instruments: the piano, the drums, and the guitar. (In this sentence, “the piano” is a common noun and is the first word of the list after the colon.)

Exercises

Capitalize words as necessary in the following sentences.

1. my mother is a beautiful singer.
2. my friend courtney goes to school in campbell.
3. the meeting with mayor wilson was a success.
4. wilson, the mayor of our city, gave an inspirational speech.
5. trevor always looks forward to summer when he will have time to practice with his band.
6. we drove west for two hours before reaching the ski lodge.
7. my grandparents live in the south on canyon lake.
8. after karate practice, steve had three things to do: stretch, take a shower, and go to bed.

In the following titles, capitalize words as needed.

1. my name is memory
2. a company of swans
3. gone with the wind
4. the night thoreau spent in jail

Answers: 1) My mother is a beautiful singer. 2) My friend Courtney goes to school in Campbell. 3) The meeting with Mayor Wilson was a success. 4) Wilson, the mayor of our city, gave an inspirational speech. 5) Trevor always looks forward to summer when he will have time to practice with his band. 6) We drove west for two hours before reaching the ski lodge. 7) My grandparents live in the South on Canyon Lake. 8) After karate practice, Steve had three things to do: stretch, take a shower, and go to bed.

Titles: 1) My Name Is Memory 2) A Company of Swans 3) Gone with the Wind 4) The Night Thoreau Spent in Jail