## **READ FIRST**

### **Confined Space Entry Procedure**

- 1. The purpose of a Confined Space Entry Procedure is to save lives by controlling the inherent hazards of a confined space prior to entry.
  - a. If possible, avoid entering a confined space. Every consideration should be given to completing the task from the outside.
  - b. An entry is considered to have occurred when any part of a person's body crosses the plane of an opening into the space.
- 2. The Confined Space Entry Procedure at San José State University is managed by the Environmental Health and Safety within Facilities Development and Operations Department.
  - a. Employees who enter confined spaces must be trained in confined space entry, respiratory protection and Emergency First Aid and CPR.
  - b. Employees who enter confined spaces must first evaluate the space to determine if the space is a permit required confined space. The attached Confined Space Determination Form is designed to assist employees in determining whether the work environment is considered a confined space and a permit required confined space.
  - c. This Confined Space Entry Procedure is available from Environmental Health and Safety. Forms are returned to Environmental Health and Safety once the determination is completed and approval is needed to issue a confined space entry permit.
- 3. A Permit-Required Confined Space fits the definition of a confined space and has one or more of the following characteristics:
  - a. Contains or has a potential to contain a hazardous atmosphere (presence of toxic chemicals, lack of oxygen).
  - b. Contains a material that has a potential for engulfing the entrant (e.g., liquid, soil).
  - c. Contains inwardly converging walls or a floor that slopes downward and tapers to a smaller crosssection where an entrant could be trapped or asphyxiated.
  - d. Contains any other recognized serious safety or health hazard (e.g., unsafe temperature, electrical shock, corrosive chemicals).
- 4. A Non-permit Confined Space fits the definition of a confined space, but does not contain or have the potential to contain any atmospheric hazard capable of causing death or serious physical harm.
- 5. A hazardous atmosphere is any atmosphere that may incapacitate, injure, or impair an employee's self-rescue or lead to acute illness or death to workers and rescuers who enter confined spaces. The following are examples of hazardous atmospheres:
  - a. Flammable or explosive gas, vapor, or mist in a concentration greater than 10 percent of its lower flammable limit (LFL) or lower explosive limit (LEL).
  - b. Combustible dust suspended in air, which obscures vision at a distance of five feet or less.
  - c. Atmospheric oxygen concentration levels below 19.5% (oxygen deficiency) or above 23.5% (oxygen enrichment) at sea level.
  - **d.** Atmospheric concentration of any substance with an acutely toxic effect above its PEL, and any other atmospheric condition that is IDLH. **CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE >>>**

#### 6. Oxygen deficiency can be caused by:

- a. Combustion (fire, welding, and operation of internal combustion engines all consume oxygen).
- b. Formation of rust (consumes oxygen).
- c. Decomposition of organic matter (consumes oxygen and produces flammable methane gas, which can also displace oxygen).
- d. Displacement by a heavy gas that has settled in a low-lying space or by another vapor (an inert gas such as argon, carbon dioxide, or nitrogen) used to purge the space.

#### 7. Atmospheric Testing Protocol Using a Multi-gas Monitoring Device.

- a. Oxygen is tested first because most combustible gas and toxic atmosphere meters are oxygen-dependent and will not provide reliable readings when used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. In addition, both oxygen-deficient and oxygen enriched atmospheres are extremely hazardous to workers' health and safety.
- b. Combustible gases and vapors are tested next because the threat of fire and explosion is both more immediate and more life-threatening, in most cases, than exposure to toxic gases and vapors.
- c. Toxic atmospheres are tested last.

#### 8. Respiratory Protection Requirements.

- a. An emergency exists and entry cannot be delayed. Assume that an IDLH atmosphere exists.
- b. There is an inert atmosphere or testing shows that an IDLH exists and additional ventilation cannot reduce concentrations to safe levels.
- c. Current testing indicates atmosphere to be safe, but unsafe conditions could reasonably be expected to develop at any time.
- 9. All authorized entrants and rescuers entering Permit Requires Confined Spaces are required to use full body harnesses and retrieval lines, unless it is determined that the retrieval equipment would increase the overall risk of entry or would not contribute to the rescue operation.

#### 10. Rescue.

- a. Self-rescue is the preferred plan. The self- rescue plan provides entrants with the best chance of escaping a permit space when hazards are present. Whenever authorized entrants recognize their own symptoms of exposure to a dangerous atmosphere, or when a prohibited condition is detected, entrants are still able to escape from the space unaided and as quickly as possible.
- b. Non-entry rescue is the next-best approach when self-rescue is not possible because non-entry rescue can be started right away and prevents additional personnel from being exposed to unidentified and/or uncontrolled confined space hazards.
- c. Entry rescue involves rescuers entering the space to retrieve the entrant and/or provide the victim with emergency assistance such as CPR, first aid, and air via a supplied air respirator (SAR), if needed.

Proceed to the Confined Space Determination Form on the next page. >>>

Confined Space Determination Form				
Confined Space Jobsite Description				
Permit Requestor >	Work Order Number: >			
Permit Request Date >	Work Plan:			
Job Site Location >				
Manhole ID / Description >				

Cor	nfined Space Determination	
1.	Is this space a Confined Space in accordance with the	If NO>>NOT A CONFINED SPACE
1.	criteria listed here?	II NOTA CONTINED STAGE
	(1) Is large enough and so configured that an employee	Enter and proceed with the regular work assignment.
	can bodily enter and perform assigned work; <u>and</u>	
	(2) Has limited or restricted means for entry or exit (for	
	example, tanks, vessels, silos, storage bins, hoppers,	
	vaults, and pits are spaces that may have limited means	!
	of entry.); <u>and</u>	!
	(3) Is not designed for continuous employee	!
	occupancy.	Supervisor Signature>
2.	If YES	If NO>>NON-PERMIT REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE
	Survey the surrounding area for known or potential	
	hazards. Are hazards present?	Enter and proceed with the regular work assignment.
	Atmospheric,engulfment,entrapment,	!
	internal convergent configurations,	!
	List any other safety hazards	
	At the same and a Tank Bassilla.	!
	Atmospheric Test Results:	Supervisor Signature>
	Oxygen % H2S ppm LEL % CO ppm	
3.	If YES	If YES>> <u>NON-PERMIT REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE</u>
	Can the hazards be eliminated?	
	List how the hazards are eliminated:	Eliminate the hazards and Reclassify to a Non-Permit
	,	Required Confined Space.
	, <del></del>	Enter and proceed with the regular work assignment.
	, <del></del>	Supervisor Signatures
	If NO	Supervisor Signature>  If YES>>NON-PERMIT REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE
4.	Can the space be maintained in a condition safe to enter	VENTILATE SPACE and Reclassify to Non-Permit
	by continuous forced air ventilation only?	Required Confined Space.
	by continuous forced an ventuation only.	Enter and proceed with the regular work assignment.
	J	Litter and proceed with the regular work assignment.
		Supervisor Signature>
5.	If NO	REQUEST ENTRY INTO A PERMIT REQUIRED
i	Submit a Permit Required Confined Space Entry	CONFINED SPACE.
	Permit Form on the next page for approval to	SUBMITTED BY:
	proceed	Supervisor Signature>
i	procedum:	Supervisor Signature>

## **Authorized Entry for a Non-permit Required Confined Space**

- 1) If there are no atmospheric hazards present
  - a) and if the pre-entry tests show there is no dangerous air contamination and/or oxygen deficiency within the space
  - b) and there is no reason to believe that any is likely to develop,
  - c) entry into and work within may proceed.
- 2) Continuous testing of the atmosphere in the immediate vicinity of the workers within the space will be performed.
- 3) The workers will immediately leave the permit space when any of the gas-monitor alarm set points are reached.
- 4) Workers will not return to the area until a supervisor who has completed the gas detector training has used a direct reading gas detector to evaluate the situation and has determined that it is safe to enter.
- 5) Self-Rescue and/or Non-entry Rescue is necessary. Arrangements for entry rescue are not required if hazards are eliminated or controlled.
- 6) Employees will not work alone.
- 7) The minimum Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for entry includes
  - a) eye, head, hand, and foot protection
  - b) and a full body harness.

# **Permit Required Confined Space Entry Permit Form**

1. Work Assignments	Responsible Person	Special Instructions
Trades Manager>	1.	
Standby Attendant>	2.	
Entrant>	3.	
Hoist Operator>		
Radio>		
Communication Runner>		
Gas Testing and Recordkeeping>		
CPR – 1 <sup>st</sup> Aid Certified>		

2. Employee Training and Pre-Entry Briefing		Special Instructions
1. Safe Entry & Rescue Training Conducted?	Yes / No	
2. Mandatory Pre-Entry Briefing Conducted?	Yes / No	
3. Does the job require special training?	Yes / No	

3. Emergency Contact / Equipment Information	Special Instructions
Nearest Phone Land Line>	
Radio Channel>	
UPD Phone>	
UPD Radio Channel>	
First Aid Kit Location>	

4. Rescue Plan	Entry Rescue Team Members	Rescue / Hoist Equipment at Jobsite	
1. Self Rescue, <u>or</u>	1	Hoist & Harness & Rigging	
2. Non entry Rescue – Hoist, <u>or</u>	2	Supplied Air Respirator & Air Supply	
3. Entry Rescue Team, <u>or</u>	3	SCBA	
4. Entry Rescue – 911 Fire Rescue	4	Stretcher	

5. Safety Hazard Elimination Checklist	Yes	No	N/A
1. All lines leading to and from the confined space have been blinded or disconnected.			
2. Electrical service is disconnected or locked out.			
3. All grounding and bonding cables in place.			
4. All lighting, fitting, and extension cords are approved explosive proof equipment.			
5. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter devices checked and functioning.			
6. All ignition sources are isolated and eliminated.			
7. Supplied Air Respirator Systems are checked and in proper operation.			
8. Safety Harnesses and life lines checked and in proper operation.			
9. Required PPE clothing, gloves, and boots, are provided and used.			
10. Employees have been trained in the use, care, and limitations of their respiratory protection equipment.			
11. Rescue / standby employees are trained in emergency procedures and resuscitation.			
12. Rescue tripod and rigging provided and inspected for use.			
13. Emergency systems such as respiratory protection, fire extinguishers, communications, are tested and ready for use.			
14. Barricade erected around the manhole and area cordoned to control access.			
15. Ventilation Equipment provided and in place and in use.			

6. Personal Protective Equipment Plan (Check all that applies)

o. Tersonal Trocective Equipment Train (check all that applies)				
Eye Protection	Respiratory Protection			
Chemical Goggles	Air Line Respirator			
Face Shield & Chemical Goggles	Air Line w/Egress Bottle			
Safety Glasses	Cartridge Respirator			
Extremities	Cartridge Type: >>			
Hard Hat				
Gloves: Type >>	Other PPE			
Boots	Hearing Protection			
Hoods	Harness and Lifeline (top entry)			
Body Protection	Chest Harness and Lifeline (side entry)			
Coveralls, Cloth	Tripod Hoist and Equipment			
Tyvek, White	_			
Tyvek, Yellow (Coated)	_			
Waterproof Suit				

San José State University	Confined Space Entry Procedure
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<b>7</b> .	Oxygen De	ficiency –	Toxic G	as Monit	orina E	auii	oment

Portable Gas Detector ID #	Make	Model	Gas Sensors	Calibration Date
1.			Oxygen H2S LEL CO	
2.			Oxygen H2S LEL CO	

8.	Atmospheric	Testing:	Pre-Entry	· & :	15 min	Periodic	<b>Testing</b>

Date	Time	Oxygen %	H2S (ppm)	LEL %	CO (ppm)	Ventilation Plan
						Ventilation Method Natural VentilationForced ExhaustForced Supply  Time Duration NeededVentilate ContinuouslyVentilate Until Monitoring is SatisfactoryOther:

9. Entrant Log	[Entrant's Name]	Time In	Time Out
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

10. Permit Approved		11. Permit Work Completed		
Supervisor:		Supervisor:	Date	
EHS Director:	Date	EHS Director	Date	

dlkrack