Standard: Risk Assessment Program
Executive Summary

San Jose State University (SJSU) is highly diversified in the information that it collects and maintains on its community members. It is the university’s responsibility to be a good steward and custodian of the information that it has been entrusted with, which must be upheld by all members of the university. The Risk Assessment Program Standard defines the requirements for the identification and classification of the appropriate security controls for all campus sensitive information resources, for not only adhering to these published security standards, but identifying risk exposure areas of sensitive data, and applying appropriate mitigations in order to manage the risks across all campus information assets. The Information Stewards will work with SJSU and Information Security Officer (ISO) to perform a risk assessment with the assigned assets. Once risks have been identified, the Information Stewards will implement security controls as documented in the risk mitigation plan to acceptable levels that were approved by management. Lastly, risks are validated, monitored and audited with the ongoing collection of information about the risk. These standards of due care will help manage the risk of loss of confidentiality, integrity, and availability of SJSU sensitive information.
## Information Security Standards

### Risk Assessment Program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard #</th>
<th>Effective Date</th>
<th>Email</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IS-RAP</td>
<td>11/10/2015</td>
<td><a href="mailto:security@sjsu.edu">security@sjsu.edu</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Contact</th>
<th>Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>Information</td>
<td>408-924-1530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Security Office</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5/21/2014</td>
<td>Initial draft sent to Mike</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01/6/2014</td>
<td>Reviewed. Content suggestions. Added comments. Hien Huynh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/10/2015</td>
<td>Incorporated changes from campus constituents – Distributed to Campus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/18/2020</td>
<td>Reviewed. Nikhil Mistry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/20/2021</td>
<td>Reviewed &amp; Grammar. Cole Gunter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Table of Contents**

Executive Summary 2

Introduction and Purpose 5

Scope 5

Standard 5

Risk Assessment 5

  Risk Assessment Questionnaire 5

  Risk Assessment Resource Inventory 6

  Scheduling once a year 6

  3rd Party Applications Complete Cloud Security Questionnaire 6

Definitions 6

  Availability 6

  Confidentiality 6

  Compensating Controls 6

  Control 6

  Integrity 6

  Information Asset 6

  Partner 6

  Risk 7

  Risk Assessment 7

  Residual Risk 7

  Risk Cost\Benefit\Impact Evaluation 7

  Risk Mitigation 7

  Risk Exposure 7

  Risk Sensitivity 7

  Risk Severity 7

  Threat 7

  Vulnerability 7

More Information 7

References 8
**Introduction and Purpose**
This standard defines the risk management program requirements for the identification of the appropriate security controls for all campus sensitive information, for not only adhering to these published security standards, but identifying risk exposure areas of sensitive data, and applying appropriate mitigations in order to manage the risks across all campus information assets. These standards of due care will help manage the risk of loss of confidentiality, integrity, and availability of SJSU sensitive information.

**Scope**
This standard applies to all SJSU State, Self-Fund, and Auxiliary (“campus”) computer systems and facilities, with a target audience of SJSU Information Technology Information Owners and Administrators.

**Standard**
This standard establishes and documents Risk Assessment Program requirements based on SJSU business requirements for protection of sensitive level 1 and level 2 information. For more information on data classification, refer to the SJSU “Information Classification and Handling Standard” [1]. Each campus department is responsible, through its Information Owner, for documenting an inventory of sensitive resources along with a Risk Assessment Questionnaire for each sensitive resource.

**Risk Assessment**
Each year the Information Security Officer (ISO) in conjunction with each campus IT Unit who is operating desktops, laptops, tablets, network or servers with unique configuration must conduct a security risk assessment. The analysis resulting from this project must include a description of the information security risks currently facing the campus unit, and specific recommendations for preventing or mitigating these risks. Each critical unit within the campus that manages its own computers, networks, or applications must perform this Risk Assessment of three asset categories:
1. Servers storing or processing sensitive data
2. Web applications processing sensitive data
3. Users and Administrators who access sensitive data

The ISO will provide guidance for specific procedures and timelines. After analysis of the security risk exposure areas, coordinated through the ISO, a mitigation plan will develop and then certify that adequate security measures have been implemented to mitigate the risks.

**Risk Assessment Questionnaire**
Each campus department is responsible for completing a Risk Assessment questionnaire for each application and server storing, processing, and transmitting sensitive data. For more information, refer to the SJSU “Risk Assessment Questionnaire” [2]. The procedure for submission of the Risk Assessment questionnaire will be provided by the ISO.
**Risk Assessment Resource Inventory**
Each campus department is responsible for completing a Resource Inventory worksheet for each group of servers and each application that is processing, storing, or transmitting sensitive level 1 or level 2 information. For more information, refer to the SJSU “Risk Assessment Resource Inventory Application/Server” [3].

**Scheduling once a year**
Risk Assessments for sensitive information will run once per calendar year, in accordance with the schedule determined by ISO and Information Owner. For more information, refer to the SJSU “Risk Assessment Scheduler” [4].

**3rd Party Applications Complete Cloud Security Questionnaire**
Any application processing sensitive information that is hosted by a 3rd party provider, including web applications, must complete the Cloud Security Questionnaire. For more information, refer to the SJSU “Cloud Security Questionnaire” [5].

**Definitions**

**Availability**
The state that exists when information resources are accessible and usable upon demand by an authorized user.

**Confidentiality**
The state that exists when data is held in confidence and is protected from unauthorized disclosure to unauthorized individuals, entities, or processes. Misuse of data beyond the scope of their duties by those authorized to use it is also considered to be a violation of data confidentiality.

**Compensating Controls**
Controls currently in place that reduce the exploitability of a risk exposure. They can be preventative, detective, and responsive.

**Control**
Security mechanisms implemented to prevent, detect, reduce or eliminate risks. In doing so, controls maintain the properties of availability, integrity, and confidentiality.

**Integrity**
The state that exists when data is the same as that in the source documents, or has been correctly computed from source data, and has not been exposed to accidental alteration or destruction. Incomplete data, unauthorized changes, or additions to the data, and erroneous source data are all considered violations of data integrity.

**Information Asset**
Any SJSU data in any form, and the equipment used to manage, process, or store SJSU data, that is used in the course of executing business. This includes, but is not limited to, student, employee, partner, and other campus information.

**Partner**
Any non-employee of SJSU who is contractually bound to provide some form of service to SJSU.
Risk
The result of a threat acting on a vulnerability, expressed as a product of likelihood (probability) and severity (of impact.)

Risk Assessment
The determination of quantitative or qualitative value of risk related to a concrete situation and a recognized threat or hazard. The result of a risk assessment is typically a report that shows assets, vulnerabilities, likelihood of damage, estimates of the costs of recovery, summaries of possible defensive measures and their costs and estimated probable savings from better protection.

Residual Risk
The risk that remains after a control is applied to an identified risk, and that control does not eliminate the risk.

Risk Cost\Benefit\Impact Evaluation
The process of evaluating risk compared to value of information-related assets and amount of damage done to system or owner should the system or data be compromised or damaged.

Risk Mitigation
The process of prioritizing, implementing, and maintaining the appropriate risk-reducing measures recommended from the risk assessment process.

Risk Exposure
Describes the outcome of a successful exploit of the vulnerability by a threat. The rating of low/medium/high rates the impact or consequence of a risk exposure.

Risk Sensitivity
A value relative to the resource's tolerance for risk exposure. The importance or criticality of the resource to the organization. The higher the risk sensitivity, the more valuable it is to the organization, and the lower the risk tolerance it will have.

Risk Severity
Measures the magnitude of consequences from a threat/vulnerability pair being exploited. The magnitude of the vulnerability or weakness, independent of any details about the threat source or the resource sensitivity. Severity rating is meant to describe the extent or scope of the exposure, not list all of the consequences. Severity is asset agnostic. Think of severity as measuring the degree of damages or how pervasive the exploit is.

Threat
Any person, object or event that, if realized, could potentially cause damage to an information resource or the data processed on those resources. This includes damage to the availability, integrity, and/or confidentiality of resources or information.

Vulnerability
Weaknesses in an information resource that can be exploited by a threat.

More Information

[1] San Jose State University: “Information Classification and Handling Standard"
[2] San Jose State University: “Risk_Assessment_Questionnaire”


[4] San Jose State University: “Risk_Assessment_Scheduler”

[5] San Jose State University: “Cloud Security Questionnaire”

References
ISO/IEC 27002 - 4.0: Risk Management
ISO/IEC 27002 - 12.6.1 Control of technical vulnerabilities
NIST SP 800-30 – Risk Assessment Guide