John Dewey (1859–1952) was the major figure of the American cultural and intellectual landscape in the first half of the twentieth century. And while he is not the progenitor of American pragmatism, he was instrumental to its articulation as a philosophy movement and the spread of its influence beyond philosophy to other disciplines. This course will focus on Dewey's immense contributions to the fields of aesthetics, educational theory, cognitive theory, the philosophy of democracy, and the philosophy of science.

Prerequisite: PHIL 70A and PHIL 70B and 6 units of upper division philosophy or instructor consent.